FASD & ME: Strengthening My Community

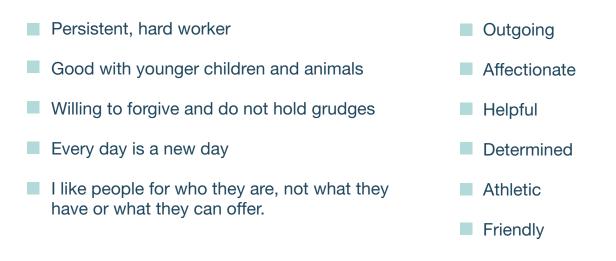
Worksheets

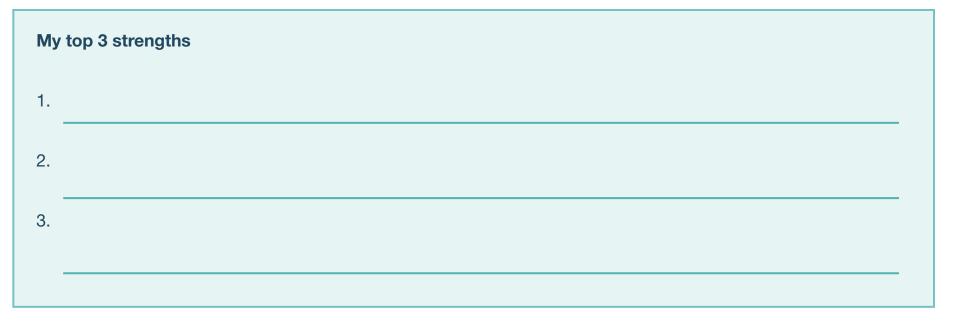
This excerpt from the *FASD & Me: Strengthening My Community* workbook has been made available as a digital download, for families to easily update and share information as their child's strengths and needs change over time. To order a full copy of the hard-copy workbook, visit **www.adopt4life.com/fasd-and-me**

Copyright © Adopt4Life 2021 🗩

My strengths

- Likeable
- Generous
- Smart about
- Have points of insight
- Artistic, musical, mechanical
- Highly verbal and may be good story tellers
- Protective of weaker kids from bullies





For educators

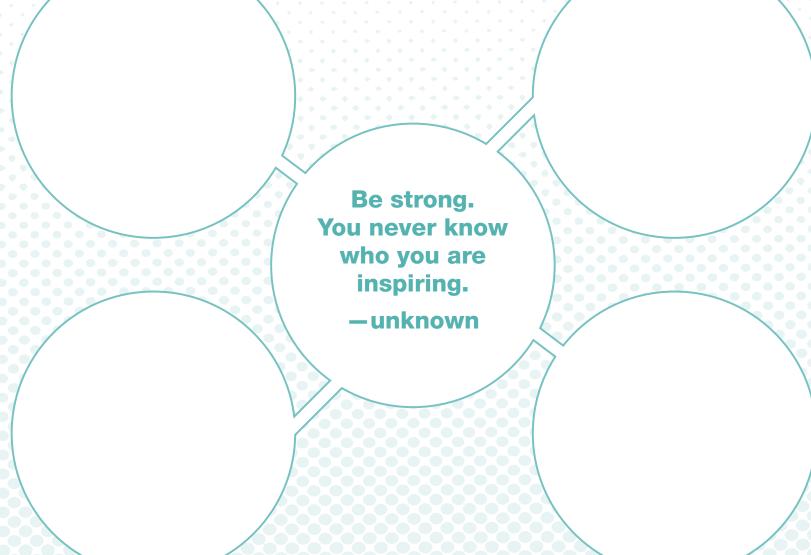
Children with FASD often have complex and unique learning characteristics. A student with FASD could have difficulty with information processing. This could make reading very difficult. Younger students with FASD often learn letter/word recognition and decoding skills along with their peers. As students get older, reading becomes more difficult as they are required to develop abstract and problem-solving skills. Students are expected to make predictions, inferences, and to understand challenging vocabulary. These are skills that can be very difficult for children with FASD. When any student feels frustrated, often they begin to 'act-out' or 'shut-down'.

Educators must differentiate instruction to meet the individual needs of their students. In order to support students with FASD in developing their reading skills (as well as all other skills) and prevent challenging behaviours, educators must provide environmental and instructional accommodations/adaptations.

As you review your student's Individual Education Plan (IEP), check for external assessments in their student records, as they will often contain individual recommendations to support the child's learning strengths and challenges. 3 things that will help me learn in your classroom



How I use my strengths to overcome my challenges?



Understanding meltdowns

When I get upset, emotional or have a meltdown, it does not mean:

I hate you	I need you to punish me	I am a bad child				
You are meanYou are a bad parent	I expect you to meet every demand that I'm yelling	I'm manipulating you				
When I get upset, emotional or have a meltdown it means:						
l'm overwhelmed		I'm new at figuring out big feelings				
I need to learn a new way to ask you for this need when I am calm		My brain can't understand you when I'm feeling this much emotion				

When I get u

- I'm overwhe
- I need to lea
- when I am c

- I'm trying to tell you about a need I have
- I'm possibly hungry, tired, overwhelmed,
- lonely or angry and I don't know how to handle that yet
- I don't want to be acting this way
- I love you and feel safe with you
 - I'm watching how you respond to my feelings so
- I know how to respond next time

Please write down 3 things that you commit to trying when you are upset, emotional or having a meltdown.

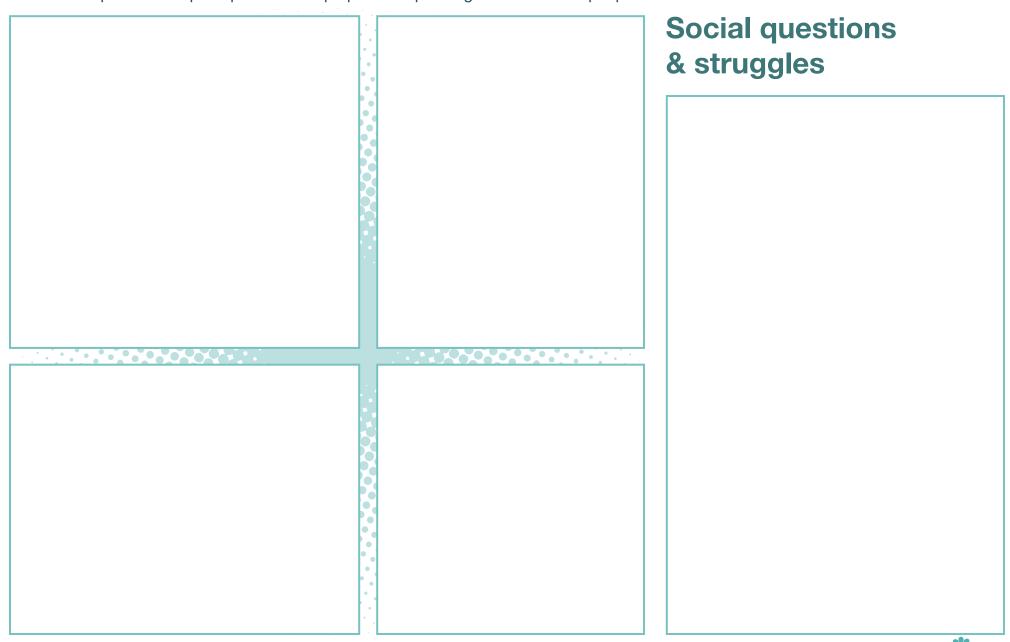
1	
2.	
3	

About me-write a story

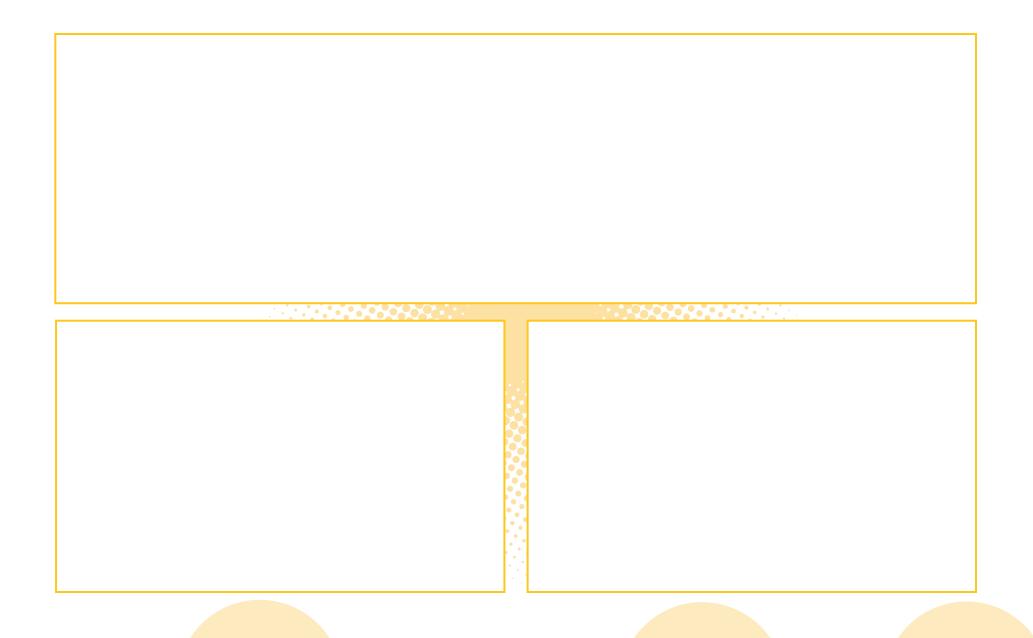
About me-colouring page

What are my triggers?

Social questions help me practice and prepare for spending time with other people.



My top 3 goals on how I will advocate for myself



What does FASD mean to me and my community?

